

Họ, tên thí sinh: .....

Mã đề thi: 001

Số báo danh: .....

Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the word that differs from the other three in the position of primary stress in each of the following questions (1 - 2).

Question 1: A. police B. repeat C. prepare D. purpose

Question 2: A. provision B. industry C. importance D. performance

Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the word(s) **OPPOSITE** in meaning to the underlined word(s) in each of the following questions (3 - 4).

Question 3: Many women prefer to use cosmetics to enhance their beauty and make them look younger.

A. enrich B. maximize C. worsen D. improve

Question 4: I think we cannot purchase this device this time as it costs an arm and leg.

A. is confusing B. is expensive C. is painful D. is cheap

Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the sentence that is closest in meaning to each of the following questions (5 - 7).

Question 5: If you practise harder, you will have better results.

- A. The harder you practise, the better results you will have.
- B. The harder you practise, the best results you will have.
- C. The hardest you practise, the most results you will have.
- D. The more hardly you practise, the better results you will have.

Question 6: Joey put all his money on the lottery, which was his big mistake.

- A. Joey can't have put all his money on the lottery.
- B. Joey may not have put all his money on the lottery.
- C. Joey needn't have put all his money on the lottery.
- D. Joey shouldn't have put all his money on the lottery.

Question 7: "John left an hour ago," said Jane.

- A. Jane told John to have left there an hour before.
- B. Jane said John left there an hour before.
- C. Jane told me that John had left there an hour before.
- D. Jane told me that John to leave there an hour before.

Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the correct answer to each of the following questions (8 - 21).

Question 8: \_\_\_\_\_, she received a big applause.

- A. After she finishes speaking
- B. When the speaker finished
- C. Speaking has finished
- D. Once finishing her lecture

Question 9: We should make full use \_\_\_\_\_ the Internet as it is an endless source of information.

- A. from
- B. of
- C. with
- D. in

Question 10: I looked the word up in the dictionary to refresh my \_\_\_\_\_ of its exact meaning.

- A. mind
- B. memory
- C. thoughts
- D. brain

**Question 11:** Tim's encouraging words gave me \_\_\_\_\_ to undertake the once again.

- A. a target                      B. a resolution                      C. a point                      D. an incentive

**Question 12:** I'm really sleepy today. I wish I \_\_\_\_\_ Matt to the airport last night.

- A. were taking                      B. didn't take                      C. hadn't had to take                      D. didn't have to take

**Question 13:** I wonder if you could \_\_\_\_\_ me a favour, Jon.

- A. do                      B. bring                      C. give                      D. make

**Question 14:** As Joe's roommate, I find him a fairly nice fellow, even if at times it is not easy to \_\_\_\_\_ his noisy behavior.

- A. get on with                      B. catch up with                      C. look up to                      D. put up with

**Question 15:** If you eat too much, you \_\_\_\_\_ the price by putting weight.

- A. paid                      B. would pay                      C. will pay                      D. were paying

**Question 16:** E-mail and Facebook allow people \_\_\_\_\_ in touch, regardless of distance.

- A. staying                      B. to stay                      C. stay                      D. to staying

**Question 17:** Mike came across his old friend while he \_\_\_\_\_ along the street.

- A. was walking                      B. walked                      C. had walked                      D. would walk

**Question 18:** Sometimes my father helps my mom with \_\_\_\_\_ meals.

- A. making                      B. keeping                      C. preparing                      D. arranging

**Question 19:** Jane never gives her mother a hand in housework \_\_\_\_\_ she has a lot of free time.

- A. because of                      B. although                      C. in spite of                      D. since

**Question 20:** All his companies had been successful and he was known to be \_\_\_\_\_ rich.

- A. thoroughly                      B. completely                      C. extremely                      D. excessively

**Question 21:** Finding a job in this time of economic crisis is becoming \_\_\_\_\_.

- A. more than difficult                      B. most and most difficult  
C. more and more difficult                      D. more difficult than

**Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the sentence that best combines each pair of sentences in the following questions (22 - 23).**

**Question 22:** Susan didn't apply for the job in the library. She regrets it now.

- A. Susan wishes she had applied for the job in the library.  
B. Susan should apply for the job in the library.  
C. Susan regrets applying for the job the in library.  
D. Susan regrets to apply for the job in the library.

**Question 23:** Quang won a scholarship. We are excited about that fact.

- A. We're excited about Quang's having won a scholarship.  
B. The fact being excited us had won Quang a scholarship.  
C. Quang's excited about a scholarship's having won us.  
D. We won Quang's excitement about the fact of a scholarship.

**Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the word whose underlined part differs from the other three in pronunciation in each of the following questions (24 - 25).**

**Question 24:** A. bargain                      B. chain                      C. complain                      D. entertain

**Question 25:** A. ticked                      B. naked                      C. booked                      D. checked

**Read the following passage and mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the correct word or phrase that best fits each of the numbered blanks (26 - 30).**

The warming of the Earth is caused by exhaust gas from automobile engines, factories and power (26) \_\_\_\_\_. Carbon dioxide goes up into the atmosphere, and it form a kind of screen that keeps or allows the sunshine in but stop the Earth heat (27) \_\_\_\_\_ getting out. It works like a greenhouse, that's why we call (28) \_\_\_\_\_ the Green House effect.

Because of this effect, the Earth is getting warmer all the time. This (29) \_\_\_\_\_ in temperature will cause big changes to the world's climate. The sea level will increase as the ice (30) \_\_\_\_\_ the poles will melt.

- Question 26:** A. companies      B. factories      C. stations      D. sites  
**Question 27:** A. from      B. up      C. against      D. away  
**Question 28:** A. be      B. them      C. is      D. it  
**Question 29:** A. drop      B. rise      C. fall      D. raise  
**Question 30:** A. covering      B. cover      C. covers      D. covered

*Read the following passage and mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the correct answer to each of the following questions (31 - 35).*

Table manners differ around the world. If you visit a friend's home for a meal, it's good to know about the customs **they** follow.

If you are invited to a Moroccan's home, bring a gift of sweet pastries, nuts, figs, dates, or flowers to the hostess. In many traditional homes, people often sit on the floor to eat a meal. Often, everyone shares food from the same 10 plate. The plate is put in the centre of the table. Usually, everyone also drinks water from the same glass. Only eat the food in front of you. Don't reach across someone for food. It is common to use your fingers and small pieces of bread to eat food. Use only your right hand to eat. Don't say "no" to food. If the host of the meal **offers** you food or drink, take some and try a little. In many Moroccan homes, it is common to take off your shoes.

Tanzania is known for its fresh fish and spices. Don't act scared if your meal comes with its head still on the plate. It is polite to try a bite of everything. In many Tanzanian homes, people sit at a table on small stools to eat. It is OK to eat with your right hand, using bread or chapati to pick up food. Everyone may take food from the same plate, but it is not usual for people to share drinks. You may compliment the cook on a delicious meal, but don't exaggerate. In some parts of Tanzania, men and women will sit at different tables. Also remember: It is common to take off your shoes in the home, but it is rude to show the bottom of your foot.

**Question 31:** Which best serves as the title for the passage?

- A. Tips for foreigners when having meal in Tanzania  
B. Table Manners- Ultimate Guide to Dining Etiquette  
C. Table Manners across some cultures in the world  
D. Table Manners in Morocco: Things to do for everyone

**Question 32:** The word "**they**" in paragraph 1 refers to \_\_\_\_\_.

- A. customs      B. manners      C. meals      D. friends

**Question 33:** According to the passage, why does the writer think it is good to know about customs in other countries?

- A. You can learn the language.      B. You can order food in a restaurant.  
C. You can know how to eat healthy.      D. you can act in a proper way.

**Question 34:** The word "**offers**" in paragraph 2 is closest in meaning to \_\_\_\_\_.

- A. receives      B. exchanges      C. provides      D. attends

**Question 35:** According to paragraph 3, which of the following should you NOT do in Tanzania?

- A. show the bottom of your foot      B. take food from the same plate  
C. eat with your hands      D. take off your shoes

*Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the word(s) CLOSEST in meaning to the underlined word(s) in each of the following questions (36 - 37).*

**Question 36:** My sister said that the **journey by sea** was long and boring. However, I found it very interesting.

- A. voyage      B. excursion      C. flight      D. route

**Question 37:** His second venture, a software firm, is booming and will soon be ready to take on more staff.

- A. dismiss                      B. employ                      C. adopt                      D. prepare

*Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the underlined part that needs correction in each of the following questions (38 - 40).*

**Question 38:** The novel was such interesting that I read it from the beginning to the end in 4 hours.

- A. such                      B. read                      C. the beginning                      D. in

**Question 39:** Whenever my close friend has some troubles solving the thorny problems, I am willing to give him an arm .

- A. Whenever                      B. solving                      C. thorny                      D. an arm

**Question 40:** Those famous pictures hanging on the gallery wall painted in France.

- A. Those                      B. hanging                      C. the                      D. painted

*Read the following passage and mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the correct answer to each of the following questions (41 - 48).*

Because writing has become so important in our culture, we sometimes think of it as more real than speech. A little thought, however, will show why speech is primary and writing secondary to language. Human beings have been writing (as far as we can tell from surviving evidence) for at least 5000 years; but they have been talking for much longer, doubtless ever since there have been human beings.

When writing did develop, it was derived from and represented speech, although imperfectly. Even today there are spoken languages that have no written form. Furthermore, we all learn to talk well before we learn to write; any human child who is not severely handicapped physically or mentally will learn to talk: a normal human being cannot be prevented from doing so. On the other hand, it takes a special effort to learn to write. In the past many intelligent and useful members of society did not acquire the skill, and even today many who speak languages with writing systems never learn to read or write, while some who learn the rudiments of those skills do so only imperfectly.

To affirm the primacy of speech over writing is not, however, to disparage the latter. One advantage writing has over speech is that it is more permanent and makes possible the records that any civilization must have. Thus, if speaking makes us human, writing makes us civilized.

**Question 41:** We sometimes think of writing as more real than speech because \_\_\_\_\_.

- A. it has become very important in our culture  
B. people have been writing since there have been human beings  
C. writing is secondary to language  
D. human beings have been writing for at least 5000 years

**Question 42:** The author of the passage argues that \_\_\_\_\_.

- A. everyone who learns to speak must learn to write  
B. all languages should have a written form  
C. writing has become too important in today's society  
D. speech is more basic to language than writing

**Question 43:** According to the passage, writing \_\_\_\_\_.

- A. is represented perfectly by speech                      B. is imperfect, but less so than speech  
C. developed from imperfect speech                      D. represents-speech, but not perfectly

**Question 44:** Normal human beings

- A. learn to talk before learning to write                      B. learn to write and to talk at the same time  
C. learn to write before learning to talk                      D. learn to talk after learning to write

**Question 45:** Learning to write is \_\_\_\_\_.

- A. quick                      B. very easy                      C. not easy                      D. easy

**Question 46:** In order to show that learning to write requires effort, the author gives the example of \_\_\_\_\_.

- A. people who learn the rudiments of speech
- B. severely handicapped children
- C. intelligent people who couldn't write
- D. people who speak many languages

**Question 47:** In the author's judgment \_\_\_\_\_.

- A. writing is more real than speech
- B. writing is more real than speech
- C. writing has more advantages than speech
- D. speech is essential but writing has important benefits

**Question 48:** The word "**advantage**" in the last paragraph most closely means

- A. skill
- B. domination
- C. rudiments
- D. benefit

*Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the sentence that best completes each of the following exchanges (49 - 50).*

**Question 49:** Jack is talking to Mary about watching TV.

- Jack: " \_\_\_\_\_ ?"

- Mary: "Not now, but I used to."

- A. Are you going to bed
- B. Won't you have some tea
- C. Do you watch TV very often
- D. Did you enjoy it

**Question 50:** Emily and David, two students, are talking about studying abroad.

- Emily: "I think studying abroad is the only way to get a well-paid job."

- Lucy: " \_\_\_\_\_ . There're still many different ways to get it."

- A. There's no doubt about it
- B. You're exactly right
- C. That's what I think
- D. I don't think so

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