SỞ GIÁO DỤC VÀ ĐÀO TẠO TRƯỜNG ĐỀ THI THAM KHẢO Họ, tên thí sinh:		KỲ THI TỐT NGHIỆP THPT Bài thi: NGOẠI NGỮ Thời gian làm bài: 90 phút, không kể thời gian phát đề Số báo danh:					
				Mark the letter A, B,	C, or D on your answ	er sheet to indicate the w	vord whose underlined part
				differs from the other th	ree in pronunciation i	n each of the following qu	estions.
				Question 1:			
A. approached	B. noticed	C. supported	D. finish <u>ed</u>				
Question 2:							
A. <u>th</u> em	B. threaten	C. through	D. <u>th</u> under				
Mark the letter A, B, C	, or D on your answer	sheet to indicate the word	l that differs from the other				
three in the position of	primary stress in each o	of the following questions.					
Question 3 :							
A. argument	B. admission	C. domestic	D. acquaintance				
Question 4 :							
A. precede	B. confide	C. modern	D. remind				
Mark the letter A, B, C	C, or D on your answe	r sheet to indicate the co	rrect answer to each of the				
following questions.							
Question 5: for	about 4 weeks, we now	can perform most of the ta	asks confidently.				
A. Having trained	B. Being trained	C. Training	D. Having been trained				
Question 6: The most s	severvely affected area	was the 19th-century resid	lential and industrial				
of inner London – partic	cularly the East End.						
A. ring	B. loop	C. belt	D. tie				
Question 7: Nowadays.	, it's become co	ommon to offer guests the	wifi password along with a				
cup of tea.							
A. increasingly	B. increased	C. increase	D. increasing				
Question 8: I suggested	the matter to the	ne committee.					
A. to put	B. putting	C. being put	D. put				
Question 9: His	was destroyed when he	e was caught stealing some	money.				
A. reputation	B. figure	C. determination	D. respect				
Question 10: He started	working as chi	ldminder when she was at	university.				
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A. the	B. a	C. no article	D. an
Question 11: The teache	r was explaining the less	on slowly and clearly_	·
A. so that his students	could understand it	B. in order that his students can understand it	
C. in order to his stud	ents understand it	D. so as to that his students could understand it	
Question 12: If he didn'	t come to the party, he	Sarah.	
A. can't meet	B. couldn't have met	C. couldn't meet	D. hadn't met
Question 13: He claimed	d from military ser	vice as he was a forei	gn national.
A. liability	B. exception	C. demobilization	D. exemption
Question 14: She walks	so fast that I can hardly k	teep her.	
A. off with	B. up to	C. up with	D. away from
Question 15: It was such	n a/an book about	environmental proble	ems.
A. weather-beaten	B. thought-provoking	C. absent-minded	D. ill-behaved
Question 16: I still enjoy	yed the week the	weather.	
A. though	B. although	C. despite	D. in spite
Question 17: Before the	y came to the party, Jane	all the things n	eeded.
A. prepared	B. was preparing	C. had prepared	D. has prepared
Question 18: The major	rity of children	an effort to save for	the future because they worry
about debt they can be in			
A. have	B. make	C. do	D. try
Mark the letter A, B, C,	or D on your answer sh	eet to indicate the wo	rd(s) CLOSEST in meaning to
the underlined word(s) i	n each of the following o	questions.	
Question 19: The projec			at to do next.
A. controverted	B. delayed	C. cancelled	D. discussed
Question 20: How many	y countries took part in	the last Olympic Game	es?
A. participated	B. performed	C. succeeded	D. hosted
Mark the letter A, B, C,	or D on your answer she	et to indicate the wor	d(s) OPPOSITE in meaning to
the underlined word(s) i	n each of the following q	questions.	
Question 21: "That is a	well-behaved boy whose	behaviour has nothing	g to complain about."
A. behaving cleverly	B. good behaviour	C. behaving nice	D. behaving improperly
Question 22: When he p	asses the entrance exam,	his parents will be wa	lking on the air.
A. extremely happy		B. feeling extremely unhappy	
C. feeling extremely airy		D. extremely light	

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Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the option that best completes each of the following exchanges. Question 23: "I wonder if you could do something for me." A. I'm afraid I won't come. C. What's it like? **D.** It depends on what it is. **B.** No, thanks. Question 24: "Do you like the advanced training course you're taking, James?" A. By and large, yes. **C.** No, thanks. **B.** No, not everyone. **D.** Not me, I'm still waiting. Read the following passage and mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the correct word or phrase that best fits each of the numbered blanks. **PAPER** "Just imagine a day without paper", reads one advertisement for a Finnish paper company. It adds, "You almost certainly see our products every day." And they're right. But in most industrial countries, people are so (25) _____ to paper - whether it's for holding their groceries, for drying their hands or for providing them with the daily news - that its (26) _____ in their daily lives passes largely unnoticed. At one (27) _____, paper was in short supply and was used mainly for important documents, but more recently, growing economies and new technologies have (28) _____ a dramatic increase in the amount of paper used. Today, there are more than 450 different grades of paper, all designed for a different purpose. Decades ago, some people predicted a "paperless office". Instead, the widespread use of new technologies has gone hand-in-hand with an increased use of paper. Research into the relationship between paper use and the use of computers has shown that the general (29) _____ is likely to be one of growth and interdependence. However, the costs involved in paper production, in terms of the world's land, water and air resources, are high. This raises some important questions. How much paper do we really need and how much is wasted? **Ouestion 25: A.** familiar **B.** accustomed C. acquainted **D.** conscious

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C. task

D. operation

B. role

A. service

Question 26:

Question 27:A. dateB. timeC. instanceD. occasionQuestion 28:A. drawn upB. come aroundC. brought aboutD. called onQuestion 29:A. systemB. orderC. methodD. trend

Read the following passage and mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the correct answer to each of the following questions.

Very few people in the modern world obtain their food supply by hunting and gathering in the natural environment surrounding their homes. This method of harvesting from nature's provision is the oldest known subsistence strategy and has been practised for at least the last two million years. It was, indeed, the only way to obtain food until rudimentary farming and the **domestication** of wild animals were introduced about 10,000 years ago.

Because hunter-gatherers have fared poorly in comparison with their agricultural cousins, their numbers have dwindled, and they have been forced to live in marginal environments, such as deserts and arctic wastelands. In higher latitudes, the shorter growing seasons have restricted the availability of plant life. Such conditions have caused a greater dependence on hunting, and on fishing along the coasts and waterways. The abundance of vegetation in the lower latitudes of the tropics, on the other hand, has provided a greater opportunity for gathering a variety of plants. In short, the environmental differences have restricted the diet and have limited possibilities for the development of subsistence societies.

Contemporary hunter-gatherers may help us understand our prehistoric ancestors. We know from the observation of modern hunter-gatherers in both Africa and Alaska that a society based on hunting and gathering must be very mobile. While the entire community camps in a central location, a smaller party harvests the food within a reasonable distance from the camp. When the food in the area has become exhausted, the community moves on to exploit another site. We also notice seasonal migration patterns evolving for most hunter-gatherers, along with a strict division of labor between the sexes. These patterns of behavior may be similar to those practised by mankind during the Paleolithic Period.

Question 30: The word "**domestication**" in the first paragraph mostly means _____.

A. making wild animals used to living with and working for humans

B. hatching and raising new species of wild animals in the home

C. teaching animals to do a particular job or activity in the home

D. adapting animals to suit a new working environment

Question 31: According to the passage, subsistence societies depend mainly on _____.

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A. hunter-gatherers' tools **B.** agricultural products

C. farming methods **D.** nature's provision

Question 32: In the lower latitudes of the tropics, hunter-gatherers _____

A. can free themselves from hunting **B.** live along the coasts and waterways for fishing

C. have better food gathering from nature **D.** harvest shorter seasonal crops

Question 33: typical feature of both modern and prehistoric hunter-gatherers is that ______.

A. they live in the forests for all their life

B. they don't have a healthy and balanced diet

C. they don't have a strong sense of community

D. they often change their living places

Question 34: Which of the following would serve as the best title of the passage?

A. Evolution of Humans' Farming Methods **B.** Hunter-gatherers and Subsistence Societies

C. A Brief History of Subsistence Farming **D.** Hunter-gatherers: Always on the Move

Read the following passage and mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the correct answer to each of the following questions.

There is a common trend for people to indulge in leisure activities. Did you ever watch a video on the Internet? Maybe you used YouTube. YouTube is a Web site where people can share their video. Today, YouTube is an important part of the Internet. However, that wasn't always true.

YouTube started with a young man named Jawed Karim and two friends. One day, Karim was on the Internet. He wanted information about the 2004 tsunami in Southeast Asia. He found news stories about it, but he couldn't find any videos. **This** gave Karin an idea. He wanted to help people put video on the Internet. Karim told his friends about this idea. Together, they created a company – YouTube.

YouTube become a global success. Millions of people around the world visited the Web site. It was clear to Google, another Internet company, that YouTube had a lot of value. Google made a deal. It bought YouTube for 1.65 USD. As a result, YouTube investors and its employees made a lot of money. The three friends who started YouTube were very big investors. Therefore, they made an **enormous** amount of money.

Karim became very rich, and he continued to work toward his PhD. There was something else he wanted to do. He wanted to help young people go into business. He used money and experience to start a new company called Youniversity Ventures. This company helps young people who have good business ideas. It gives them advice and money to start Internet businesses. Milo is one business that students started with the help of Youniversity Ventures.

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Milo is a shopping Web site. It helps people find products in stores near their homes. Another example is AirBoB. This Web site helps people find for video conferences. People in different places can use this site to have business meetings.

Karim has some advice for students who want to start business. First, find a successful company. Do a lot of research about the company and the top people in the company. There, copy the way they do things. For students who wants to start Internet business, Karim is probably a very good example to copy.

(Source. Adapted from

http://www.grid.unep.ch/waste/download/waste1213.pdf)

Question 35: What can be the best title for the passage?

- A. To be successful on the Internet
- **B.** Support from Youniversity Ventures
- **C.** Sharing Success on the Internet
- **D.** The best videos from YouTube

Question 36: What does the word "This" in paragraph 2 refer to?

- **A.** the information of the 2004 tsunami
- **B.** the 2004 tsunami in Southeast Asia
- C. that he could find no videos
- **D.** the news stories he could find

Question 37: How did the YouTube investors make a lot of money?

- **A.** Google bought their YouTube company.
- **B.** They invested a lot of money in Google.
- **C.** They sold things on Milo Website.
- **D.** They made a profit from Youniversity Ventures.

Question 38: Which of the following is NOT mentioned about Karim?

- **A.** He earned a lot of money from YouTube.
- **B.** He is the owner of Youniversity Ventures.
- C. He had the original idea of YouTube.
- **D.** He created a lot of sample videos for YouTube.

Question 39: Which of the following can replace the word "enormous" in paragraph 3?

- A. considerable
- **B.** favourable
- C. huge

D. increasing

Question 40: What does Youniversity Ventures do?

- **A.** It buys Internet companies such as Milo.
- **B.** It helps people find inexpensive vacation places worldwide.

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- **C.** It gives people advice and money to start business.
- **D.** It helps people to get PhDs at famous Universities.

Question 41: What kind of Web site is AirBoB?

- **A.** It helps people search vacation places.
- **B.** It helps people find successful businesses.
- C. It helps people held business meetings.
- **D.** It helps people buy goods and services.

Question 42: What is Karim's advice for students who want to start business?

- **A.** Work for successful people and companies.
- **B.** Copy successful people and companies.
- C. Give money to Youniversity Ventures.
- **D.** Get a PhD degree from famous university.

Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the <u>underlined</u> part that needs correction in each of the following questions.

Question 43: <u>Facebook.com's</u> server IP address <u>could not find</u> in Google Chrome browser <u>because of</u> the error of Internet connection.

Question 44: My girlfriend and I drink sometimes coffee in the morning in a café near my school.

Question 45: There were <u>inconsiderate</u> <u>amounts</u> of money <u>wasted</u> on large <u>building</u> projects.

Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the sentence that is closest in meaning to each of the following questions.

Question 46: Fansipan is the highest mountain in the Indochinese Peninsula.

- **A.** There are some mountains in the Indochinese Peninsula higher than Fansipan.
- **B.** The Indochinese Peninsula includes one of the highest mountains on earth.
- **C.** The highest mountain in the Indochinese Peninsula is exclusive Fansipan.
- **D.** No mountains in the Indochinese Peninsula are higher than Fansipan.

Question 47: "If I were you, I wouldn't read the job advertisement and position description carelessly.", Helen said.

- **A.** Helen advised me on reading the job advertisement and position description carelessly.
- **B.** Helen recommended that I take no notice of the job advertisement and position description.
- **C.** I was blamed for not reading the job advertisement and position description carefully by Helen.
- **D.** Helen advised me against reading the job advertisement and position description carelessly.

Question 48: It's possible that Joanna didn't receive my message.

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- **A.** Joanna can't have received my message.
- **B.** Joanna might not have received my message.
- **C.** Joanna may have received my message.
- **D.** Joanna might have received my message.

Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the sentence that best combines each pair of sentences in the following questions.

Question 49: Susan didn't apply for the job in the library. She regrets it now.

- **A.** Susan wishes she had applied for the job in the library.
- **B.** If only Susan applied for the job in the library.
- **C.** Susan regrets applying for the job in the library.
- **D.** Susan regrets to apply for the job in the library.

Question 50: Hans told us about his investment in the company. He did it on his arrival at the meeting.

- A. Hardly had he informed us about his investment in the company when Hans arrived at the meeting.
- **B.** Only after investing in the company did Hans informs us of his arrival at the meeting.
- C. No sooner had Hans arrived at the meeting than he told us about his investment in the company.
- **D.** Not until Hans told us that he would invest in the company did he arrive at the meeting.

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